# BENTON COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT VAN HORNE, IOWA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2006

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# OFFICIALS

<u>Name</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>				
	Board of Education				
	(Before September 2005 Election	)			
George Martin	President	2007			
Brenda Schanbacher	Vice President	2007			
Gary Kaiser Terry Harrington Chris Christensen Brian Strellner Dan Voss	ensen Board Member Board Member				
	Board of Education				
	(After September 2005 Election)				
George Martin	President	2007			
Brenda Schanbacher	Vice President	2007			
Robyn Allen Terry Harrington Chris Christensen Brian Strellner Dan Voss	Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member	2008 2006 2006 2008 2007			
	School Officials				
Gary Zittergruen	Superintendent	2006			
Doug Embray	District Secretary	(appointed 6-1-06) 2006			
Barb Barr	District Treasurer	2006			
Brian Gruhn	Attorney	Indefinite			

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of Benton Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Benton Community School District, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Benton Community School District as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2006 on our consideration of Benton Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 6 through 13 and 46 through 47 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Benton Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2005 (none of which are presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 5 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Oskaloosa, Iowa September 28, 2006

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 2006

This section of the Benton Community School District's annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ending on June 30, 2006. Our analysis will focus on the District's financial performance as a whole for the fiscal year 2005-2006.

This is the fourth year that all District financial activities are reported on a full accrual basis, and comparisons with prior years will be made when appropriate. Efforts have been made to provide comparison data from the prior year when such data is required. In subsequent years, with additional data, five-year trends will be provided for District financial information.

Please read this analysis in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### Fiscal 2006 Financial Highlights

- ♦ General Fund revenue increased from \$11,588,946 in fiscal 2005 to \$12,390,470 in fiscal 2006 while General Fund expenditures increased from \$11,756,969 in fiscal 2005 to \$12,384,078 in fiscal 2006. This resulted in an overall change in the District's General Fund balance from \$2,534,992 in fiscal 2005 to \$2,541,384 in fiscal 2006, a moderate increase from the prior fiscal year.
- The increase in General Fund revenues was attributable to an increase in local property tax collections as well as state and federal program revenue in fiscal 2006. In addition 2006 was the fourth year of the District Instructional Support Levy, funded by a mixture of Income-surtax, local property tax and State Aid. The levy is scheduled to provide approximately \$451,750 dollars for District identified purchases. The increase in expenditures was due primarily to an increase in personnel costs due to negotiated salary and benefit agreements and increased accounts payable expenditures. The District also increased employees in Fiscal 2006 compared to fiscal 2005.
- The District began collecting one-cent sales tax revenue from Benton, Iowa and Tama Counties during the 2005-2006 fiscal year. The revenue from this tax will be used to reduce District long-term debt.
- Higher interest rates during the fiscal year resulted in a small increase in General Fund interest earnings on investments. In fiscal 2005 the District earned \$29,022 on investments. In fiscal year 2006 the District earned \$36,661 on investments, a 26 percent increase.
- The District completed several Physical Plant and Equipment activities related to building and grounds projects during the 2005-2006 fiscal year.

#### **Overview of Financial Statements**

This report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- ♦ The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide statements.

- The statements for governmental funds explain how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- The statements for proprietary funds offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like businesses, such as food services, latchkey and preschool.
- The statements for fiduciary funds provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

#### **District Wide Statements**

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenditures are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether the District's financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- ♦ To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base, the condition of school buildings and facilities and student enrollment trends.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type funds: The District charges fees to help cover the cost of certain services it provides. The District school nutrition program would be included here.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements, included with this report, provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or major funds. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Funds do not focus on the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as
  accounting for student activity funds or to show that it is properly using certain revenues such as federal
  grants.

#### Benton Community School District has three types of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets, which can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund statements explains the relationship or differences between the two statements.
  - ♦ The District's governmental funds include the General Fund; Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Permanent Fund.
- **Proprietary funds:** Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the District-wide statements.
  - The District's enterprise funds, one type of proprietary fund, are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has two enterprise funds, the school nutrition program and preschool program.
- Fiduciary funds: The District is trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others.
  - Agency Fund: These are either funds for which the District administers and accounts for certain federal and/or state grants on behalf of other Districts, or certain revenue collected from District employee purchases of pop and related expenditures.

The District is responsible for ensuring that those to whom the assets belong use only for there intended purposes and the assets reported in the fiduciary funds. The District excludes these activities from District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

# Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

**Net assets:** Figure A-1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for fiscal years ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2006.

Figure A-1 Statement of Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activity	School District	Government Activities	Business Activity	School District	Change
	2005	2005	2005	2006	2006	2006	
Current /other assets	10,030,775	82,811	10,113,586	10,291,580	108,405	10,399,985	286,399
Capital Assets	8,053,108	37,901	8,091,009	8,384,040	49,104	8,433,144	342,135
Total Assets	18,083,883	120,712	18,204,595	18,675,620	157,509	18,833,129	628,534
Long-term obligations	3,445,000	0	3,445,000	3,320,000	0	3,320,000	-125,000
Other liabilities	5,328,392	11,092	5,339,484	5,160,090	13,077	5,173,167	-166,317
Total Liabilities	8,773,392	11,092	8,784,484	8,480,090	13,077	8,493,167	-291,317
Net Assets:							
Invested in capital Assets, net of debt	4,608,108	37,901	4,646,009	5,064,040	49,104	5,113,144	467,135
Restricted	2,076,304	0	2,076,304	2,479,139	0	2,479,139	402,835
Unrestricted	2,626,079	71,719	2,697,798	2,652,351	95,328	2,747,679	-150,110
Total Net Assets	9,310,491	109,620	9,420,111	10,195,530	144,432	10,339,962	919,851

**Changes in net assets:** Figure A-2 shows the changes in net assets for the years ending June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2006.

**Figure A-2 Changes in Net Assets** 

	Government Activities 2005	Business Activities 2005	School District 2005	Government Activities 2006	Business Activities 2006	School District 2006	Change	
Revenues:								
Program Revenue:								
Charge for service / sales	1,055,237	516,690	1,571,927	1,393,105	559,342	1,952,447	380,520	
Operating grants, restricted interest	1,106,928	177,220	1,284,148	1,103,156	185,974	1,289,130	4,982	
Capital grants, and restricted interest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
General Revenues:								
Property tax	5,703,701	0	5,703,701	5,782,945	0	5,782,945	79,244	
Unrestricted state grants	5,704,919	0	5,704,919	6,171,464	0	6,171,464	466,545	
Unrestricted investments	40,722	629	41,351	51,517	784	52,301	10,950	
Other	4,580	0	4,580	12,314	0	12,314	7,734	
Total revenues	13,616,087	694,539	14,310,626	14,514,501	746,100	15,260,601	949,975	
Program Expenses:								
Governmental activities								
Instruction	8,197,234	0	8,197,234	8,490,423	0	8,490,423	293,189	
Support services	3,685,412	0	3,685,412	4,109,530	0	4,109,530	424,118	
Non-instruction Programs	0	685,317	685,317	0	711,288	711,288	25,971	
Other expenses	990,536	0	990,536	1,029,509	0	1,029,509	38,973	
Total expenses	12,873,182	685,317	13,558,499	13,629,462	711,288	14,340,750	782,251	
Change in net assets:	742,905	9,222	752,127	885,039	34,812	919,851	167,724	

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 78% of the District's total revenue. The District's expenses primarily relate to instruction and support services, which account for 88% of the total expenses.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for governmental activities were \$14,514,501 and expenses were \$13,629,462. In fiscal 2006, the District attempted to balance revenues and expenses for most Governmental Funds, excluding the Capital Projects Fund. Particular attention was given to the District General Fund. The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities; instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenses.

# Figure A-3 Total Net Cost of Governmental Activities

Figure A-3 shows the changes in Net costs for the years ending June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2006.

	Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Change
	2005	2005	2006	2006	
Instruction	8,197,234	6,630,128	8,490,423	6,538,608	-91,520
Support services	3,685,412	3,567,640	4,109,530	4,065,857	498,217
Non-instructional programs	0	0	0	0	0
Other expenses	990,536	513,249	1,029,509	528,736	15,487
Total	12,873,182	10,711,017	13,629,462	11,133,201	422,184

- ♦ The cost financed by users of District's programs was \$1,393,105.
- Federal and state government subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$1,103,156.
- ◆ The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$5,782,945 in property tax, and other taxes \$6,171,464 in state foundation aid and \$51,517 in interest income.

# **Business - Type Activities**

Revenues for the District's business-type activities were \$746,100 and expenses were \$711,288. The District's business-type activities include the School Nutrition Fund, Latch key and preschool programs. Revenues of these activities were comprised of charges for services, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the district increased its meal prices and preschool fees and grants. This increased revenue resulted in additions to the School Nutrition Fund and Preschool Daycare Fund, which the District has obligated for updating computers and software and salaries for preschool personnel.

#### **Financial Analysis of the District's Funds**

As previously noted, the Benton Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$4,759,258 an increase over last year's ending fund balance of \$4,360,884.

#### **Governmental Fund Highlights**

- ♦ The District's General Fund financial position is the product of many factors. The Instructional Support Levy, taxes and grants resulted in a moderate increase in revenues. The increase in revenues was coupled with a larger than usual increase in General Fund expenditures. These conditions resulted in a small increase in the District's carry over fund balance.
- ♦ The General Fund balance moderately increased from \$2,534,992 to \$2,541,384 for the 2005-06 fiscal year. In addition 2005-2006 was the third year for a District Instructional Support Levy, which has helped balance expenditures in the General Fund.
- ♦ The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy (PPEL) Fund balance decreased in 2005-2006. The Fund balance decreased from \$765,333 in fiscal 2005 to \$722,167 in fiscal 2006. The main reason for the Fund balance decrease was the completion of fiscal year projects earlier than expected.
- ◆ The District Capital Projects Account increased to a balance of \$1,266,560 on June 30, 2006. This balance is a combination of One-cent sales tax money collections and retainage related to the Middle/High School building project. The balance is reserved for long-term debt reduction.

# **Proprietary Fund Highlights**

The School Nutrition Fund had net assets of \$127,999 on June 30, 2006. As previously noted, the District increased meal prices resulting in the increase in net assets. The District also revamped its Nutrition accounting system and software in 2006.

# **Budgetary Highlights**

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following the required public notice and hearing for all funds, except its private-purpose trust and agency funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the GAAP basis. Over the course of the year the district amended its budget one time to reflect additional revenues and expenditures associated with Nutrition, Preschool and Construction Project Accounts. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity is included in the required supplementary information section of this report. Since the District does not adopt a budget for individual funds; budgets for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds are not presented on the budgetary comparison pages.

#### **Legal Budgetary Highlights**

The District's total actual receipts were approximately \$15,230,774; \$1,129,927 more than the total budget receipts amount of 14,100,847 a variance of 8.0 percent. The most significant change resulted in the District receiving additional revenue in the one-cent Sales Tax collections.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted amount due primarily to the District's amount allocated for the General Fund. It is the District's practice to budget expenditures at an amount that exceeds projected expenditures for the coming fiscal but is less than the maximum allowed by law. The District then manages or controls General Fund spending through a line-item budget at the building level. As a result the District's certified budget should always exceed the actual expenditures during the fiscal year. Despite this budgeting practice, however, the District exceeded the budget in the other expenditures functional area due to the completion of the Middle School / High School construction project.

# **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

On June 30, 2006, the District had invested \$8,433,144 million, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, transportation equipment, computers, and audio-visual equipment. (See Figure A-4) This amount represents a net increase from the last fiscal year. More detailed information about capital assets is available in the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$376,729.

Excluding depreciation, the District has over eight million in capital assets. Governmental Funds account for the majority of the districts capital assets with the remainder in the Proprietary, School Nutrition Fund.

# Figure A-4 Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

Figure A-4 shows the changes in Capital Assets for the years ending June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2006.

	Governmental	Business-type	School	Governmental	Business-Type	School
	Activities	Activities	District	Activities	Activities	District
	2005	2005	2005	2006	2006	2006
Land	63,056	0	63,056	63,056	0	63,056
Land Improvements	83,934	0	83,934	73,864	0	0
Buildings	4,008,325	0	4,008,325	7,393,779	0	0
Construction	3,182,567	0	3,182,567	111,622	0	0
Furniture/Equip	715,226	37,901	753,127	741,719	49,104	790,823
Totals	8,053,108	37,901	8,091,009	8,384,040	49,104	8,433,144

#### **Long-Term Debt**

On June 30, 2006, the District had \$ 3,320,000 in general obligation and other long-term debt outstanding. This represents a decrease of 125,000 thousand dollars from the 2005 fiscal year. The District issued \$3,280,000 additional long-term debt in the 2004 fiscal year. The funds being used to finance a significant building exterior and roof retrofit project at the Middle / High School building

# **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- Although the District has experienced declining enrollment for two of the past three years, the
  District expects a stable to increasing enrollment in future years due to a new housing development
  in progress within the District.
- The District has evaluated the condition of its transportation vehicles and determined that due to rotation schedules, two buses and two vans must be replaced during fiscal 2007 at a cost of \$175,000. To pay for these vehicles the District will use a combination of General Fund and PPEL Fund resources.
- ♦ The District will negotiate a new labor contract in 2007 with its employee groups. Settlements in excess of "new money" or allowable growth in state funding will have an adverse effect on the District's General Fund budget and reserve fund balance.

# **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Doug Embray, Associate Superintendent, Benton Community School District, 304 First Street, PO Box 70, Van Horne, Iowa 52346-0070.

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**Basic Financial Statements** 

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 5,093,302 \$	93,205 \$	5,186,507
Receivables:			
Property tax:			
Current year	79,613	-	79,613
Succeeding year	4,112,807	-	4,112,807
Income surtax	395,435	-	395,435
Accounts	9,043	8,380	17,423
Due from other governments	566,881	-	566,881
Interfund balances (note 4)	14,898	(14,898)	-
Inventories	9,667	21,718	31,385
Prepaid expenses	9,934	-	9,934
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (note 5)	8,384,040	49,104	8,433,144
Total assets	18,675,620	157,509	18,833,129
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	96,241	-	96,241
Salaries and benefits payable	927,839	2,958	930,797
Accrued interest payable	23,203	-	23,203
Deferred revenue:	,		,
Succeeding year property tax	4,112,807	-	4,112,807
Other	=	10,119	10,119
Long-term liabilities (note 6):			
Portion due within one year:			
Bonds payable	135,000	-	135,000
Portion due after one year:	,		,
Bonds payable	3,185,000	-	3,185,000
Total liabilities	8,480,090	13,077	8,493,167

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,064,040	\$ 49,104 \$	5,113,144
Restricted for:			
Management levy	3,777	-	3,777
Physical plant and equipment levy	985,790	-	985,790
Other special revenue purposes	207,796	-	207,796
Capital projects	1,266,560	-	1,266,560
Baseball program	15,216	-	15,216
Unrestricted	2,652,351	95,328	2,747,679
Total net assets	10,195,530	\$ 144,432 \$	10,339,962

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2006

			Program Revenues		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular instruction	\$	5,588,159 \$	593,483	\$ 321,851	
Special instruction		1,671,968	286,146	224,404	
Other instruction	_	1,230,296	513,476	12,455	
	_	8,490,423	1,393,105	558,710	
Support services:					
Student services		282,903	-	-	
Instructional staff services		416,954	-	-	
Administration services		1,268,860	-	-	
Operation and maintenance of plant services		1,346,170	-	-	
Transportation services	_	794,643	-	43,673	
	_	4,109,530	-	43,673	
Other expenditures:					
Facilities acquisition		138,856	-	-	
Long-term debt interest and fiscal charges		144,147	-	-	
AEA flowthrough		500,773	-	500,773	
Depreciation (unallocated) *	_	245,733	-		
	_	1,029,509	-	500,773	
Total governmental activities	_	13,629,462	1,393,105	1,103,156	
Business-Type Activities:					
Support services:					
Administration services		7,264	-	-	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	_	3,840	-		
	_	11,104			
Non-instructional programs:					
Food service operations		608,476	448,177	185,974	
Daycare operations	_	91,708	111,165	_	
	-	700,184	559,342	185,974	
Total business-type activities	<del>-</del>	711,288	559,342	185,974	
Total	\$_	14,340,750 \$	1,952,447	\$ 1,289,130	

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (4,672,825)	- \$	(4,672,825)
(1,161,418)	-	(1,161,418)
(704,365)	-	(704,365)
(6,538,608)	-	(6,538,608)
(282,903)	-	(282,903)
(416,954)	-	(416,954)
(1,268,860)	-	(1,268,860)
(1,346,170)	-	(1,346,170)
(750,970)	-	(750,970)
(4,065,857)	-	(4,065,857)
(138,856)	-	(138,856)
(144,147)	-	(144,147)
-	-	-
(245,733)	-	(245,733)
(528,736)	-	(528,736)
(11,133,201)		(11,133,201)
(11,133,201)		(11,133,201)
_	(7,264)	(7,264)
_	(3,840)	(3,840)
_	(11,104)	(11,104)
	, , ,	, , ,
_	25,675	25,675
_	19,457	19,457
-	45,132	45,132
	34,028	34,028
(11,133,201)	34,028	(11,099,173)
(11,100,201)	21,020	(11,000,110)

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### Functions/Programs

General Revenues:

Property tax levied for:
General purposes
Capital outlay
Income surtax
Local option sales and services tax
Unrestricted state grants
Unrestricted investment earnings
Other

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets beginning of year

Net assets end of year

\* = This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expense of the various programs.

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ 4,277,751	\$ - \$	4,277,751
289,095	-	289,095
426,304	-	426,304
789,795	-	789,795
6,171,464	-	6,171,464
51,517	784	52,301
12,314	-	12,314
12,018,240	784	12,019,024
885,039	34,812	919,851
9,310,491	109,620	9,420,111
\$ 10,195,530	\$ 144,432 \$	10,339,962

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2006

				Special				
			_	Revenue	_			
				Physical	_			
				Plant and			Nonmajor	Total
				Equipment		Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	_	General		Levy		Projects	Funds	Funds
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	3,289,671	\$	726,708	\$	834,851 \$	5 242,072	\$ 5,093,302
Receivables:	Ψ	3,207,071	Ψ	720,700	Ψ	054,051 4	242,072	Ψ 3,073,302
Property tax:								
Current year		70,921		4,839		-	3,853	79,613
Succeeding year		3,669,082		242,918		-	200,807	4,112,807
Income surtax		131,812		263,623		-	· -	395,435
Interfund receivable (note 4)		15,097		-		-	_	15,097
Accounts		9,043		-		-	-	9,043
Due from other governments		135,172		-		431,709	-	566,881
Inventories		9,667		-		-	-	9,667
Prepaid expenses	_	9,934		_		-	-	9,934
Total assets	\$_	7,340,399	\$	1,238,088	\$_	1,266,560	446,732	\$ 10,291,779

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2006

				Special			
			-	Revenue			
				Physical		NT.	TD . 4 . 1
				Plant and Equipment	Comital	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
		General		Levy	Capital Projects	Funds	Funds
	-	General	-	Levy	Tiojects	Tulius	Tunus
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	70,083	\$	9,380 \$	- \$	16,778	\$ 96,241
Salaries and benefits payable		927,839		-	-	-	927,839
Interfund payable (note 4)		199		-	-	-	199
Deferred revenue:							
Succeeding year property tax		3,669,082		242,918	-	200,807	4,112,807
Other	_	131,812		263,623	-	-	395,435
Total liabilities	_	4,799,015		515,921	-	217,585	5,532,521
Fund balance:							
Reserved for:							
Inventories		9,667		-	-	-	9,667
Prepaid expenses		9,934		-	-	-	9,934
Debt service		-		_	-	2,358	2,358
Baseball program		-		_	-	15,216	15,216
Unreserved:							
Reported in nonmajor Special							
Revenue Funds		-		-	-	211,573	211,573
Undesignated		2,521,783		722,167	1,266,560	-	4,510,510
Total fund balances	_	2,541,384		722,167	1,266,560	229,147	4,759,258
Total liabilities and fund							
balances	\$	7,340,399	\$	1,238,088 \$	1,266,560 \$	446,732	\$ 10,291,779

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$	4,759,258
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		8,384,040
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		395,435
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(23,203)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	_	(3,320,000)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$_	10,195,530

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2006

			Special Revenue Physical Plant and Equipment	Capital	Nonmajor Governmental	
	-	General	Levy	Projects	Funds	Total
Revenues:						
Local sources:						
Local tax	\$	4,185,749 \$	553,157 \$	789,795 \$	220,499 \$	5,749,200
Tuition		435,003	-	-	-	435,003
Other		130,443	7,630	5,843	516,835	660,751
State sources		7,222,326	256	-	189	7,222,771
Federal sources		416,949	-	-	-	416,949
Total revenues	_	12,390,470	561,043	795,638	737,523	14,484,674
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular instruction		5,575,087	_	_	_	5,575,087
Special instruction		1,671,968	_	_	_	1,671,968
Other instruction		774,021	_	_	456,275	1,230,296
Other instruction	-	8,021,076			456,275	8,477,351
Support services:	-	0,021,070			130,273	0,177,551
Student services		282,904	_	_	_	282,904
Instructional staff services		415,950	_	_	_	415,950
Administration services		1,236,722	_	_	28,169	1,264,891
Operation and maintenance		1,230,722			20,109	1,201,071
of plant services		1,141,640	79,802	_	194,883	1,416,325
Transportation services		785,013	-	_	-	785,013
Transportation services	-	3,862,229	79,802		223,052	4,165,083
Other expenditures:	-	3,002,229	79,002		223,032	1,100,000
Facilities acquisition		_	524,407	148,233	_	672,640
Long term debt:			321,107	110,233		072,010
Principal Principal		_	_	_	125,000	125,000
Interest and fiscal charges		_	_	_	145,453	145,453
AEA flowthrough		500,773	_	_	-	500,773
1 121 1 110 W that o tight	-	500,773	524,407	148,233	270,453	1,443,866
Total expenditures	-	12,384,078	604,209	148,233	949,780	14,086,300
	_					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		6 202	(42.166)	647.405	(010.057)	200.274
over (under) expenditures	_	6,392	(43,166)	647,405	(212,257)	398,374

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2006

			Special			
		_	Revenue			
			Physical			
			Plant and		Nonmajor	
			Equipment	Capital	Governmental	
	_	General	Levy	Projects	Funds	Total
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers in	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	269,653 \$	269,653
Interfund transfers out	Ψ	Ψ -	- -	(269,653)	20),033 ψ -	(269,653)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	-	(269,653)	269,653	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances		6,392	(43,166)	377,752	57,396	398,374
Fund balances beginning of year	_	2,534,992	765,333	888,808	171,751	4,360,884
Fund balances end of year	\$_	2,541,384 \$	722,167 \$	1,266,560 \$	229,147 \$	4,759,258

885,039

#### BENTON COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 398,374
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows:	
Expenditures for capital assets \$ 700,271  Depreciation expense (369,339)	330,932
Income surtax revenue not received until several months after the District's fiscal year ends is not considered available revenue in the governmental funds and is deferred. It is, however, recorded as revenue in the	
Statement of Activities.	29,827
Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.	125,000
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless	
of when it is due.	 906

See notes to financial statements.

Change in net assets of governmental activities

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2006

		School	Nonmajor - Preschool	
	_	Nutrition	Daycare	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,097 \$	26,108 \$	93,205
Interfund receivable (note 4)		199	-	199
Accounts receivable		-	8,380	8,380
Inventories		21,718	-	21,718
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		49,104	-	49,104
Total assets		138,118	34,488	172,606
Liabilities				
Salaries and benefits payable		-	2,958	2,958
Interfund payable (note 4)		-	15,097	15,097
Deferred revenue		10,119	-	10,119
Total liabilities		10,119	18,055	28,174
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets		49,104	-	49,104
Unrestricted	_	78,895	16,433	95,328
Total net assets	\$_	127,999 \$	16,433 \$	144,432

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2006

	-	School Nutrition	Nonmajor - Preschool Daycare	Total
Operating revenues:				
Local sources:				
Charges for services	\$_	448,177 \$	111,165 \$	559,342
Operating expenses:				
Support services:				
Administration services		7,264	-	7,264
Operation and maintenance of plant services		3,840	-	3,840
Non-instructional programs	_	608,476	91,708	700,184
	_	619,580	91,708	711,288
Operating income (loss)	_	(171,403)	19,457	(151,946)
Non-operating revenues:				
Interest on investments		784	-	784
State sources		8,099	-	8,099
Federal sources	_	177,875	-	177,875
Total non-operating revenues		186,758	-	186,758
Change in net assets		15,355	19,457	34,812
Net assets beginning of year	_	112,644	(3,024)	109,620
Net assets end of year	\$	127,999 \$	16,433 \$	144,432

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2006

	_	School Nutrition	Nonmajor - Preschool Daycare	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:  Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts  Cash received from miscellaneous operating activities  Cash payments to employees for services  Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services  Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$	437,006 \$ 12,851 (291,127) (286,167) (127,437)	- \$ 102,785 (74,779) (1,725) 26,281	437,006 115,636 (365,906) (287,892) (101,156)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: State grants received Federal grants received Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	<u>-</u>	8,099 143,693 151,792	- - -	8,099 143,693 151,792
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets	_	(18,593)	<del>-</del>	(18,593)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	_	784	<u>-</u>	784
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		6,546	26,281	32,827
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	_	60,551	(173)	60,378
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$_	67,097 \$	26,108 \$	93,205

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2006

	_	School Nutrition	Nonmajor - Preschool Daycare	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used by) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(171,403) \$	19,457 \$	(151,946)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by (used by) operating activities:				
Depreciation		7,390	-	7,390
Commodities used		34,182	-	34,182
(Increase) in interfund receivable		(199)	-	(199)
(Increase) in accounts receivable		-	(8,380)	(8,380)
Decrease in inventories		2,020	-	2,020
Increase in salaries and benefits payable		-	107	107
Increase (decrease) in interfund payable		(1,305)	15,097	13,792
Increase in deferred revenue	_	1,878	-	1,878
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$_	(127,437) \$	26,281 \$	(101,156)

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the District received \$34,182 of federal commodities.

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2006

	Agency
Assets:	
Cash	\$
Liabilities:	
Other payables	7,826
Net assets	\$

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Benton Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors various adult education programs. These courses include remedial education as well as vocational and recreational courses. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Van Horne, Atkins, Blairstown, Elberon, Watkins, and Walford, Iowa, and agricultural territory in Benton, Iowa, and Tama Counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Benton Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Benton Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

Jointly Governed Organizations – The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Benton and Iowa County Assessor's Conference Boards.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

District-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the District-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other nonmajor governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenses, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Special Revenue, Physical Plant and Equipment Levy Fund is used to account for the payment of capital and related expenditures for building improvements and certain types of equipment.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

The District also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net assets and changes in net assets. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature, assets equal liabilities, and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

All proprietary funds of the District apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the statement of net assets and the balance sheet:

Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents – The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust, which is valued at amortized cost, and non-negotiable certificates of deposit, which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

Property Tax Receivable – Property tax in Governmental Funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Current year property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes from the current year. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the District-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

The property tax revenue recognized in these funds becomes due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1 ½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2004 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2005.

Income Surtax Receivable – Income surtax budgeted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 will not be received by the District until several months after the fiscal year end. Accordingly, income surtax is recorded as a receivable and included in deferred revenue on the modified accrual basis for the governmental funds. For the District-wide statements, on the Statement of Activities the income surtax revenue is recognized.

Interfund Receivables and Payables – During the course of its operations, the District may have certain transactions between funds or pooled cash balances. To the extent that these transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2006, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Due From Other Governments – Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (continued)

Inventories – Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and contributed value for government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include property, furniture, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the District-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	 Amount
Land	\$ 5,000
Buildings	5,000
Improvements other than buildings	5,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund Equipment	500
Other furniture and equipment	5,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	45 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Furniture and equipment	5-20 years

Salaries and Benefits Payable – Payroll and related expenses for teachers with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year, which are payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

Deferred Revenue – Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental funds consists of the succeeding year property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end. Deferred revenue for proprietary funds and business-type activities consists of unearned meal revenues.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (continued)

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets for governmental activities consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Compensated Absences – District employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave. The District's policy is not to reimburse employees for sick leave or vacation. Vacation can only be used by the employee in the year it is earned. The District has no compensated absences liability at June 30, 2006.

Long-term Liabilities – In the District-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Assets.

Fund Balances – In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – In the District-wide Statement of Net Assets, the net asset balance invested in capital assets, net of related debt is equal to the capital assets balances, including restricted capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Assets – In the District-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### E. Budgets and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2006, expenditures in the other expenditures function exceeded the amount budgeted.

# Note 2. Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2006 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

## Note 3. Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	_	Amount		
Debt Service	Capital Projects	\$	269,653		

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

## Note 4. Interfund Receivables and Payables

At June 30, 2006, the interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Other receivables: General	Enterprise - Preschool Daycare	\$	15,097
Enterprise - School Nutrition	General	_	199
Total		\$_	15,296

Other receivable interfund balances are due to timing differences involved in the reimbursement of payroll at year end to the General Fund and repayment of excess payroll reimbursements to the School Nutrition Fund. The balance between governmental and proprietary funds has been eliminated on the face of the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

		Balance				Balance
	_	Beginning of Year	 Increases	_	Decreases	 End of Year
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	63,056	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 63,056
Construction in progress	_	3,182,567	111,622		3,182,567	111,622
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,245,623	111,622		3,182,567	174,678
	_					
Capital assets being depreciated:		0.050.515	2 < 2 4 = 2 2			12.050.444
Buildings		9,253,715	3,604,729		-	12,858,444
Improvements other than buildings		215,291	-		_	215,291
Furniture and equipment		2,330,241	166,487		99,547	2,397,181
Total capital assets being depreciated		11,799,247	3,771,216		99,547	15,470,916
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		5,245,390	219,275		_	5,464,665
Improvements other than buildings		131,357	10,070		_	141,427
Furniture and equipment		1,615,015	139,994		99,547	1,655,462
Total accumulated depreciation	-	6,991,762	369,339		99,547	7,261,554
	_					
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	4,807,485	3,401,877		_	8,209,362
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	8,053,108	\$ 3,513,499	\$_	3,182,567	\$ 8,384,040

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

# Note 5. Capital Assets (continued)

	_	Balance Beginning of Year		Increases	 Decreases	Balance End of Year
Business-type activities:						
Furniture and equipment	\$	103,301	\$	18,593	\$ - \$	121,894
Less accumulated depreciation	_	65,400		7,390	-	72,790
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_	37,901	\$	11,203	\$ \$	49,104
Depreciation expense was charged by the Dis	strict	to the follow	ing	functions:		
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular					\$	13,071
Support services:						
Instructional staff						1,004
Administration						3,569
Operation and maintenance of plant serv	ices					6,353
Transportation					_	99,609
						123,606
Unallocated depreciation					_	245,733
Total governmental activities depreciation	expe	ense			\$ <u></u>	369,339
Business-type activities:						
Food service operations					\$=	7,390

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

# Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

		General Obligation Bonds
Balance beginning of year Additions	\$	3,445,000
Reductions	_	125,000
Balance end of year	\$	3,320,000
Due within one year	\$	135,000

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Bonds Payable

Details of the District's June 30, 2006 general obligation bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Bond Issue of November 1, 1993

Year Ending	Interest				,		
June 30,	Rates		Principal	_	Interest		Total
2005	<b>~</b> 00 0/	Φ.	20.000	Φ.	0.450	Φ.	20. 770
2007	5.90 %	\$	30,000	\$	9,570	\$	39,570
2008	6.00		30,000		7,800		37,800
2009	6.00		30,000		6,000		36,000
2010	6.00		35,000		4,200		39,200
2011	6.00	_	35,000		2,100		37,100
Subtotal		_	160,000		29,670		189,670
		В	ond Issue of	Dece	ember 1, 200	3	
Year Ending	Interest						
June 30,	Rates		Principal		Interest		Total
2007	4.000 %	\$	105,000	\$	129,645	\$	234,645
2008	4.375		110,000		125,445		235,445
2009	4.500		115,000		120,632		235,632
2010	4.500		120,000		115,458		235,458
2011	4.500		125,000		110,058		235,058
2012	3.375		170,000		104,432		274,432
2013	3.500		180,000		98,695		278,695
2014	3.700		185,000		92,395		277,395
2015	3.800		190,000		85,550		275,550
2016	3.900		200,000		78,330		278,330
2017	4.000		210,000		70,530		280,530
2018	4.100		215,000		62,130		277,130
2019	4.150		225,000		53,315		278,315
2020	4.250		235,000		43,977		278,977
2021	4.300		245,000		33,990		278,990
2022	4.400		260,000		23,455		283,455
2023	4.450		270,000		12,015		282,015
Subtotal			3,160,000		1,360,052		4,520,052
Total		\$_	3,320,000	\$	1,389,722	\$	4,709,722

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

#### Note 7. Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 5.75% of annual covered payroll. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$488,273, \$467,640, and \$444,481 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

### Note 8. Risk Management

Benton Community School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### Note 9. Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$500,773 for the year ended June 30, 2006 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

### Note 10. Construction Commitments

The District entered into various contracts totaling \$159,875 for building improvements. As of June 30, 2006, costs of \$111,622 had been incurred against the contracts. The balance of \$48,253 remaining at June 30, 2006 will be paid as work on the projects progresses.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Balances –
Budget and Actual (Accrual Basis) – All Governmental Funds
and Proprietary Funds
Required Supplementary Information
Year Ended June 30, 2006

	(	Governmental	Prop	rietary								Final to
		Funds -	Fui	nds -		Total	_	Budgete	ed A	Amounts		Actual
	_	Actual	Ac	tual		Actual		Original		Final		Variance
REVENUES:												
Local sources	\$	6,844,954 \$	56	0,126	\$ 7	7,405,080	\$	6,161,437	\$	6,161,437	\$	1,243,643
Intermediate sources		-		-		-		300,000		300,000		(300,000)
State sources		7,222,771		8,099	7	7,230,870		7,199,410		7,199,410		31,460
Federal sources	_	416,949	17	7,875		594,824		440,000		440,000		154,824
	-											
Total revenues	_	14,484,674	74	6,100	15	5,230,774		14,100,847		14,100,847		1,129,927
	_											_
EXPENDITURES:												
Instruction		8,477,351		-	8	3,477,351		9,155,100		9,155,100		677,749
Support services		4,165,083	1	1,104	4	4,176,187		4,923,000		4,923,000		746,813
Non-instructional programs		-	70	0,184		700,184		707,000		850,000		149,816
Other expenditures		1,443,866		_	1	1,443,866		891,463		995,000		(448,866)
	-											
Total expenditures		14,086,300	71	1,288	14	4,797,588		15,676,563		15,923,100		1,125,512
	_											_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures		398,374	3	4,812		433,186		(1,575,716)		(1,822,253)		2,255,439
Balance beginning of year	_	4,360,884	10	9,620		4,470,504		2,845,246		2,845,246		1,625,258
	•											
Balance end of year	\$	4,759,258 \$	14	4,432	\$	4,903,690	\$	1,269,530	\$	1,022,993	\$	3,880,697

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY REPORTING June 30, 2006

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds except internal service, private-purpose trust and agency funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the accrual basis. Encumbrances are not recognized on the budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. During the year, the District adopted one budget amendment increasing budgeted expenditures by \$246,537.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, expenditures in the other expenditures function exceeded the amount budgeted.

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Other Supplementary Information

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2006

		Special Re	venue	_	Permanent			
	]	Management	Student		Marjorie Smith			
	_	Levy	Activity	Service	Trust	Total		
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax:	\$	11,717 \$	212,781 \$	2,358 \$	15,216 \$	242,072		
Current year		3,853	_	_	_	3,853		
Succeeding year		200,807	_	_	_	200,807		
Succeeding year	_	200,007				200,007		
Total assets	\$_	216,377 \$	212,781 \$	2,358 \$	15,216 \$	446,732		
Liabilities and Fund Equity								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	11,793 \$	4,985 \$	- \$	- \$	16,778		
Deferred revenue:								
Succeeding year property tax		200,807	-	=	-	200,807		
Total liabilities	_	212,600	4,985	-	-	217,585		
Fund equity:								
Fund balances:								
Reserved for:								
Debt service		-	-	2,358	-	2,358		
Baseball program		-	-	-	15,216	15,216		
Unreserved:								
Undesignated		3,777	207,796	=	-	211,573		
Total fund equity	_	3,777	207,796	2,358	15,216	229,147		
Total liabilities and fund								
equity	\$_	216,377 \$	212,781 \$	2,358 \$	15,216 \$	446,732		

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Special Revenue			Permanent		
	]	Management	Student		Marjorie Smith		
	_	Levy	Activity	Service	Trust	Total	
Revenues:							
Local sources:							
Local tax	\$	220,499 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	220,499	
Other		10,296	505,128	1,060	351	516,835	
State sources	_	189	=	-	-	189	
Total revenues	_	230,984	505,128	1,060	351	737,523	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Other instruction		-	456,275	-	-	456,275	
Support services:							
Administration services		28,169	-	-	-	28,169	
Operation and maintenance							
of plant services		194,883	-	-	-	194,883	
Other expenditures:							
Long term debt:							
Principal		-	-	125,000	-	125,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	_	-	-	145,453	-	145,453	
Total expenditures	_	223,052	456,275	270,453	-	949,780	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		7,932	48,853	(269,393)	351	(212,257)	
Other financing sources:							
Interfund transfers in	_	-	-	269,653	-	269,653	
Net change in fund balances		7,932	48,853	260	351	57,396	
Fund balances beginning of year	_	(4,155)	158,943	2,098	14,865	171,751	
Fund balances end of year	\$_	3,777 \$	207,796 \$	2,358 \$	15,216 \$	229,147	

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND, STUDENT ACTIVITY ACCOUNTS Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Balance Beginning			Balance End
Account		of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	of Year
High School:					
Cocurricular	\$	368	\$ 2,427	\$ 1,721	\$ 1,074
Drama		3,940	14,497	11,932	6,505
Vocal		7,597	88,657	68,242	28,012
Instrumental		3,739	26,935	18,227	12,447
Industrial Tech. Resale		859	180	517	522
Student Council		(127)	1,783	597	1,059
Media Club		1,505	355	60	1,800
Concessions		255	-	-	255
Yearbook		16,268	11,582	19,551	8,299
Art Club		39	3,629	3,550	118
Pom Pom		4	1,548	1,153	399
SADD		26	355	336	45
FFA		6,490	58,535	50,846	14,179
Spanish Club		17,887	19,554	26,955	10,486
National Honor Society		2,373	3,026	3,315	2,084
FCCLA		1,744	5,501	6,275	970
Wrestlerettes		45	-	-	45
Cheerleaders		21	2,921	2,338	604
Thespians		463	1,265	926	802
Class of 2005		1,255	-	1,255	-
Class of 2006		1,595	4,117	5,573	139
Class of 2007		2,592	1,390	3,229	753
Class of 2008		1,350	1,407	-	2,757
Class of 2009		-	1,119	-	1,119
HOSA		468	7,123	4,095	3,496
B/G Cocurricular		9,348	24,357	7,017	26,688
General Athletics		29,653	163,162	153,898	38,917
	_	109,757	445,425	391,608	163,574
Middle School:	_				
Student Council		2,532	631	385	2,778

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND, STUDENT ACTIVITY ACCOUNTS Year Ended June 30, 2006

A	ccount		Balance Beginning of Year		Revenues	_	Expenditures	Balance End of Year
Atkins:								
Cocurricular		\$	234	\$	49	\$	- \$	283
Student Council		Ψ	7,773	Ψ	15,517	Ψ	13,724	9,566
Media Club			1,422		4,623		3,799	2,246
		_	9,429		20,189		17,523	12,095
Norway:			•		·		·	
Cocurricular			658		143		-	801
Student Council			14,997		16,135		22,699	8,433
Media Club			5,973		6,765		6,692	6,046
Yearbook			690		1,321		1,786	225
			22,318		24,364		31,177	15,505
Keystone:								
Cocurricular			3,387		198		27	3,558
VHE Fundraiser			2,000		-		-	2,000
Student Council			6,095		14,321		15,555	4,861
Media Club			2,747		-		=	2,747
Art Club			678		-		-	678
		_	14,907		14,519		15,582	13,844
Total		\$_	158,943	\$	505,128	\$	456,275 \$	207,796

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2006

	_	Balance Beginning of Year	_	Additions	 Deductions		Balance End of Year
Assets							
Cash	\$_	4,215	\$_	29,180	\$ 25,569	\$_	7,826
Liabilities							
Other payables	\$_	4,215	\$_	29,180	\$ 25,569	\$_	7,826

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION

# ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST FOUR YEARS

		Modified Accrual Basis Years Ended June 30,						
	-	2006	_	2005	_	2004		2003
Revenues:								
Local sources:								
Local tax	\$	5,749,200	\$	5,666,309	\$	4,937,285	\$	4,858,251
Tuition		435,003		394,057		337,499		266,588
Other		660,751		554,516		616,603		619,301
Intermediate sources		-		31,116		22,981		41,223
State sources		7,222,771		6,660,965		6,412,109		6,733,964
Federal sources	_	416,949		275,729		300,544		313,179
Total revenues	\$_	14,484,674	\$	13,582,692	\$	12,627,021	\$	12,832,506
Expenditures:								
Instruction:								
Regular instruction	\$	5,575,087	\$	5,241,134	\$	4,948,094	\$	4,977,461
Special instruction		1,671,968		1,677,461		1,837,296		1,734,672
Other instruction		1,230,296		1,273,248		1,138,182		1,119,163
Support services:								
Student services		282,904		236,472		290,174		164,767
Instructional staff services		415,950		361,657		309,381		233,175
Administration services		1,264,891		1,106,402		1,237,100		1,014,909
Operation and maintenance of plant services		1,416,325		1,335,313		1,206,486		1,331,018
Transportation services		785,013		756,403		745,719		675,080
Other expenditures:								
Facilities acquisition		672,640		1,454,627		2,035,075		34,071
Long-term debt:								
Principal		125,000		45,000		25,000		25,000
Interest and fiscal charges		145,453		203,246		14,106		15,508
AEA flowthrough	_	500,773		477,287		483,909		520,680
Total expenditures	\$	14,086,300	\$_	14,168,250	\$_	14,270,522	\$	11,845,504

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of Benton Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Benton Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Benton Community School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we believe item I-A-06 is a material weakness.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Benton Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Hunt, Kain & Associates, P.C.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about Benton Community School District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2006 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Benton Community School District and other parties to whom Benton Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Benton Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Oskaloosa, Iowa September 28, 2006

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2006

## Part I: Findings Related to the General Purpose Financial Statements:

Instances of Non-Compliance:

No matters were reported.

## Reportable Conditions:

I-A-06 Segregation of Duties – The limited number of personnel makes it difficult to achieve adequate internal accounting control through the segregation of duties and responsibilities, such as receiving, recording and processing cash receipts and performing bank reconciliations, which can be performed by the same person, and preparing, recording, and mailing checks, which can be performed by the same person. A small staff makes it difficult to establish an ideal system of automatic internal checks on accounting record accuracy and reliability, although we noted the District had taken some steps to segregate duties between the present personnel. This is not an unusual condition but it is important the District officials are aware that a lack of segregation of duties in the above mentioned areas still exists.

Recommendation – We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, we recommend that the Business Manager continue to review and be involved in the day to day transactions.

Response – We will review the recommendation and look to improve in areas where possible.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2006

# Part II: Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting:

II-A-06 Certified Budget – Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2006, exceeded the amount budgeted in the other expenditures function.

Recommendation – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 24.9 of the Code of Iowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response – We will amend our budget before expenditures exceed the budget.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

- II-B-06 Questionable Expenditures No expenditures were noted that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- II-C-06 Travel Expense No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- II-D-06 Business Transactions We noted no business transactions between the District and District officials or employees.
- II-E-06 Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- II-F-06 Board Minutes No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted.
- II-G-06 Certified Enrollment No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education were noted.
- II-H-06 Deposits and Investments No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.
- II-I-06 Certified Annual Report The Certified Annual Report was certified to the Iowa Department of Education timely and we noted no significant deficiencies in the amounts reported.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2006

## Part II: Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting (continued):

II-J-06 Agency Fund – We noted transactions being recorded through the Fiduciary, Agency Fund, such as fundraisers for trips and donations for school improvements, that would more appropriately be accounted for in the Special Revenue, Student Activity Fund or General Fund.

Recommendation – The Agency Fund is only to be used to account for money received by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. Fundraisers which earn a profit for student activities should be accounted for in the Student Activity Fund. Donations for school improvements should be accounted for in the General Fund.

Response – We will record future similar transactions in the Student Activity Fund or General Fund, as appropriate.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

II-K-06 Physical Plant and Equipment Levy – The proceeds of taxes levied under Chapter 298.3 of the Code of Iowa were used to pay for units of equipment that were each less than \$500. The total unallowable expenditure was \$2,074 in fiscal year 2005. This amount still has not been reimbursed.

Recommendation – Equipment may be purchased form the Physical Plant and Equipment Levy (PPEL) Fund only if the value of the single unit of equipment exceeds \$500. The General Fund should reimburse \$2,074 to the PPEL Fund for the equipment.

Response – We will ensure that all future PPEL Fund expenditures are in compliance with the Code of Iowa. We will also make the required reimbursement to the PPEL Fund from the General Fund.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

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